

# DTMediaWrite Programmer's Interface



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# Introduction

The DTMediaWrite interface is designed to give programmers a simple yet powerful access to Drastic's main write formats. This document describes the various methods and properties exported by DTMediaWrite.

The DTMediaWrite API is available as a direct link library under Windows 32, Windows 64, macOS and Linux 64. With the properties and functions under direct link, all the names are preceded by 'dtmlw' to avoid namespace collisions.

## Direct Link Usage

All the functions in the direct link model have 'dtmlw' prepended to the function name. This means the 'PutVideoFrame' becomes 'dtmlwPutVideoFrame' to avoid naming conflicts. The direct link setup depends on the platform being used:

Windows 32

“C:\Program Files\MediaReactor”

Windows 64 – using 32 bit

“C:\Program Files(x86)\MediaReactor”

Windows 64 – using 64 bit

“C:\Program Files\MediaReactor”

macOS

/Libraries/Frameworks/DrasticDDR.framework

Linux 64

/usr/bin

/usr/lib

To use the direct link, you will need to include “dtmediawrite.h” in your source file, and link to “libdtmediawrite.lib/.a/framework”, depending on your platform.

Soft link is also an option for the direct link API. Each function prototype includes a function pointer typedef. It is the same as the prototype with a 'p\_' added to the front. The SDK also ships with a C file dtmw\_loader.cpp that has all the functions as point, and a load/unloader function for your convenience.

# Methods and Properties

## dwmOpen

```
DTMRHANDLE DTMRCALLTYPE dwmOpen(char * szFileName, unsigned long dwFlags, unsigned long dwFileType, unsigned long dwFourCC, unsigned long dwWidth, unsigned long dwHeight, unsigned long dwRate, unsigned long dwScale, unsigned long dwAudioChannels, unsigned long dwAudioRate, unsigned long dwAudioBits);
```

Open a new file, stream or network source for preview. The szFileName is a UTF-8 string (converted by DTMediaWrite to Unicode for Windows). All of the basic requirements for the file to be created are sent at this point

- **szFileName** – UTF-8 file path and name
- **dwFlags** – Read/Write flags
- **dwFileType** – Exact writer requested
- **dwFourCC** – Video compression four character code
- **dwWidth** – Width for new file
- **dwHeight** – Height for new file
- **dwRate** – Rate part of frames per second (24, 25, 30000, etc.)
- **dwScale** – Scale part of the frames per second (1, 1, 1001, etc.)
- **dwAudioChannels** – Number of audio channels to write as a bitwise array
- **dwAudioRate** – Audio sample rate
- **dwAudioBits** – Audio bits per sample size
- **@return** – an opaque handle to use with the rest of the API functions

NOTE: It is best to use standard Rate/Scale descriptors when setting up files. Here are the most common: 24/1, 24000/1001, 25/1, 30000/1001, 30/1, 50/1, 60000/1001, 60/1

NOTE: For audio, 16 and 24 bits are the most common. When writing, there are only two container sizes: 16 bits for 16, and 32 bits for 20, 24 and 32 bits. The samples are always shifted to the most significant bits.

## dwmClose

```
long DTMRCALLTYPE dwmClose(DTMRHANDLE dtmw);
```

Close the currently open stream or file

## dwmGetWriteTypes

```
long DTMRCALLTYPE dwmGetWriteTypes(DTMRHANDLE dtmw, unsigned long dwIndex, unsigned long * pdwTypes);
```

Returns recommended and supported write types.

**dtmwTargetFileName**

*long DTMRCALLTYPE dtmwTargetFileName(DTMRHANDLE dtmw, char \*tszString);*

The final file name used for the target file.

**dtmwTargetHeight**

*long DTMRCALLTYPE dtmwTargetHeight(DTMRHANDLE dtmw, long \*pVal);*

Target video media's height.

**dtmwTargetWidth**

*long DTMRCALLTYPE dtmwTargetWidth(DTMRHANDLE dtmw, long \*pVal);*

Target video media's width.

**dtmwTargetPitch**

*long DTMRCALLTYPE dtmwTargetPitch(DTMRHANDLE dtmwPV, long IType, long \*pVal);*

Target pitch depending on frame type

**dtmwTargetBitDepth**

*long DTMRCALLTYPE dtmwTargetBitDepth(DTMRHANDLE dtmw, long \*pVal);*

Target video media's bit depth

**dtmwTargetFourCC**

*long DTMRCALLTYPE dtmwTargetFourCC(DTMRHANDLE dtmw, long \*pVal);*

Target video media's fourcc compression code

**dtmwTargetBitRate**

*long DTMRCALLTYPE dtmwTargetBitRate(DTMRHANDLE dtmw, long \*pVal);*

Target video media's bit rate in kilobits per seconds (e.g. 4000 = 4 megabits). Setting this will disable any quality settings. This call must be made before the **dwmSetWriteType()** function is called.

**dwmTargetQuality**

*long DTMRCALLTYPE dtmwTargetQuality(DTMRHANDLE dtmw, long \*pVal);*

Target video media's quality. This is a value between 0 and 10,000, with 0 being the lowest possible quality. Setting this will disable any data rate settings. This call must be made before the **dwmSetWriteType()** function is called.

**dtmwTargetFrameSize**

*long DTMRCALLTYPE dtmwTargetFrameSize(DTMRHANDLE dtmw, long dwFrameType, long \*pVal);*

Target video media's frame size for the requested or current frame.

**dtmwTargetVideoChannels**

*long DTMRCALLTYPE dtmwTargetVideoChannels(DTMRHANDLE dtmw, long \*pVal);*

Target video total channels.

**dtmwTargetAudioChannels**

*long DTMRCALLTYPE dtmwTargetAudioChannels(DTMRHANDLE dtmw, long \*pVal);*

Target audio total channels.

**dtmwTargetAudioFrequency**

*long DTMRCALLTYPE dtmwTargetAudioFrequency(DTMRHANDLE dtmw, long \*pVal);*

Target audio media frequency.

**dtmwTargetAudioBitsPerSample**

*long DTMRCALLTYPE dtmwTargetAudioBitsPerSample(DTMRHANDLE dtmw, long \*pVal);*

Target audio media bits per sample.

**dtmwTargetAudioFourCC**

*long DTMRCALLTYPE dtmwTargetAudioFourCC(DTMRHANDLE dtmw, long \*pVal);*

Target audio media's fourcc compression code.

**dtmwTargetRate**

*long DTMRCALLTYPE dtmwTargetRate(DTMRHANDLE dtmw, long \*pVal);*

Target video rate value (FPS = TargetRate / TargetScale).

**dtmwTargetScale**

*long DTMRCALLTYPE dtmwTargetScale(DTMRHANDLE dtmw, long \*pVal);*

Target video scale value (FPS = TargetRate / TargetScale).

NOTE: It is best to use standard Rate/Scale descriptors when setting up files. Here are the most common: 24/1, 24000/1001, 25/1, 30000/1001, 30/1, 50/1, 60000/1001, 60/1

#### **dtmwTargetMetaDataSet**

*long DTMRCALLTYPE dtmwTargetMetaDataSet(DTMRHANDLE dtmw, long dwMetaElement, long dwVal);*

Return Target metadata information that are numeric (DWORDs or longs). Works for vwwiTTimeCode to vwwiWhiteBalance inclusive, and vwwiVideoWidth to vwwiAudioBits inclusive.

#### **dwmTargetMetaSetString**

*long DTMRCALLTYPE dtmwTargetMetaSetString(DTMRHANDLE dtmw, long dwMetaElement, char \* szMAX\_PATHString);*

Return Target metadata information that are string data. Works for vwwiFileName to vwwiUMID inclusive.

#### **dwmSetWriteType**

*long DTMRCALLTYPE dtmwSetWriteType(DTMRHANDLE dtmw, long lWriteType);*

Set the write type for the video frames.

#### **dwmSetVideoChannel**

*long DTMRCALLTYPE dtmwSetVideoChannel(DTMRHANDLE dtmw, long lVideoChannel);*

Set the channel for the video frames (0, 1, 2, 3, 4 etc.) (0 = 0x03, 1 = 0x0C, 2 = 0x30, 3 = 0xC0 etc.).

#### **dwmSetAudioChannelPair**

*long DTMRCALLTYPE dtmwSetAudioChannelPair(DTMRHANDLE dtmw, long lAudioChannelPair);*

Set the audio channel pair to monitor (0 = 1+2, 1 = 3+4, 2 = 5+6, 3 = 7+8 etc.).

#### **dwmSetVitcType**

*long DTMRCALLTYPE dtmwSetVitcType(DTMRHANDLE dtmw, long dwVal);*

Set the VITC (vertical blank) time code's type. The types are: TC2\_TCTYPE\_FILM, TC2\_TCTYPE\_NDF, TC2\_TCTYPE\_PAL, TC2\_TCTYPE\_50, TC2\_TCTYPE\_5994, TC2\_TCTYPE\_60, TC2\_TCTYPE\_NTSCFILM, and TC2\_TCTYPE\_IRIG.

**dtmwNextVitcFrame**

*long DTMRCALLTYPE dtmwNextVitcFrame(DTMRHANDLE dtmw, long dwVal);*

Sets the next frame's VITC (vertical blank) time code.

**dtmwNextVitcUb**

*long DTMRCALLTYPE dtmwNextVitcUb(DTMRHANDLE dtmw, long dwVal);*

Sets the next VITC (vertical blank time code) user bits.

**dtmwSetLtcType**

*long DTMRCALLTYPE dtmwSetLtcType(DTMRHANDLE dtmw, long dwVal);*

Set the VITC (vertical blank) time code's type. The types are: TC2\_TCTYPE\_FILM, TC2\_TCTYPE\_NDF, TC2\_TCTYPE\_PAL, TC2\_TCTYPE\_50, TC2\_TCTYPE\_5994, TC2\_TCTYPE\_60, TC2\_TCTYPE\_NTSCFILM, and TC2\_TCTYPE\_IRIG.

**dtmwNextLtcFrame**

*long DTMRCALLTYPE dtmwNextLtcFrame(DTMRHANDLE dtmw, long dwVal);*

Sets the next LTC (SMPTE) time code.

**dtmwNextLtcUb**

*long DTMRCALLTYPE dtmwNextLtcUb(DTMRHANDLE dtmw, long dwVal);*

Sets the next LTC (SMPTE time code) user bits.

**dtmwPutNextExtendedData**

*long DTMRCALLTYPE dtmwPutNextExtendedData(DTMRHANDLE dtmw, unsigned char \*pvData, long lSize, long lFlags);*

Set the next extended data. Normally both of these calls set some combination of closed captions. The first two bytes are always CC1/CC3. If the FRAMEINFO\_DATA\_F1\_EIA608 flag is not set, their value is undefined, but will likely be 0x80 0x80. The second two bytes are always CC2/CC4 if the FRAMEINFO\_DATA\_F2\_EIA608 flag is set, otherwise they are undefined but will likely be 0x80 0x80. Everything from byte 4 on are 708 or OP-47 SMPTE 436 packets of closed captions, active format description and V-Chip IDs. Each ANC packet will start with its DID SDID and size (for example for 708 captions 0x61 0x01 0x49). That size can be used to run through multiple ANC packets for a given frame. The CC, if it exists, will always be first, followed by any AFD, V-Chip or other custom packets.

```
//! Data is EIA-608B SD closed caption data field one (uses 2 bytes)
#define FRAMEINFO_DATA_F1_EIA608          0x00000001
```

```
//! Data is EIA-608B SD closed caption data field two (uses 2 bytes)
#define FRAMEINFO_DATA_F2_EIA608          0x00000002
//! Data is EIA-708 HD closed caption data (uses remaining bytes = minus the
above)
#define FRAMEINFO_DATA_EIA708           0x00001000
//! Data is OP-47 closed caption data
#define FRAMEINFO_DATA_OP47            0x00002000
```

### **dtmwPutVideoFrame**

*long DTMRCALLTYPE dtmwPutVideoFrame(DTMRHANDLE dtmw, unsigned char \* psvFrame, long dwSize);*

Sends one video frame. The format must match the format set by the write type. Please note, the video buffer is not guaranteed to be the same on function return. It is used directly by the writer, and will likely be changed during the write, so it must be a new redrawn/captured video frame on each call.

### **dtmwPutAudioFrame**

*long DTMRCALLTYPE dtmwPutAudioFrame(DTMRHANDLE dtmw, unsigned char \* psaFrame, long dwSize);*

Returns a safe array containing one video frame worth of audio data (if in video size mode) or an arbitrary amount of audio samples of size bytes (if in audio mode).

### **dtmwSetMode**

*long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwSetMode(DTMWHANDLE dtmwPV, void \* pMediaCmd);*

Send custom MEDIACMD commands to the file writer.

### **dtmwVersion**

*long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwVersion(long \*pVerMajor, long \*pVerMinor, long \*pVerMod, long \*pVerBuild);*

Returns the version information for the writer build.

### **dtmwAddVideoChannel**

*long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwAddVideoChannel(DTMWHANDLE dtmwPV, char \* szVideoFile, unsigned long dwFileType, unsigned long dwFourCC, unsigned long dwWidth, unsigned long dwHeight, unsigned long dwRate, unsigned long dwScale, unsigned long \* pdwVideoChannelHandle);*

Add a video channel to the RTIN file.

### **dtmwCodecData**

```
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwCodecData(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, unsigned char * pData, unsigned long dwSize);
```

Set extended codec data for a video channel. Should be called before dtmwAddVideoChannel

### **dtmwAddAudioChannel**

```
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwAddAudioChannel(DTMWHANDLE dtmwPV, char * szAudioFile, unsigned long dwFileType, unsigned long dwAudioChannels, unsigned long dwAudioRate, unsigned long dwAudioBits, unsigned long * pdwAudioChannelHandle);
```

Add an audio channel to the RTIN file.

### **dtmwAudioCodecData**

```
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwAudioCodecData(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, unsigned char * pData, unsigned long dwSize);
```

Set extended codec data for an audio channel. Should be called before dtmwAddAudioChannel

### **dtmwSetFileInfo**

```
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwPutFileInfo(DTMWHANDLE dtmwPV, unsigned long dwRTChannel, unsigned long dwFrame, unsigned long dwFlags, size_t nPosition, size_t nSize, unsigned long dwFrameFlags, unsigned long dwRepsSamples);
```

This call returns information about a frame (or group of samples) of audio or video. It will return the position, size, frame flags and file name for a video sample or audio sample groups.

```
//! Send this in if you just need the filename (faster than getting all the info)
#define DPOSSIZENAME_FILENAME_ONLY          0x40000000          //
Same as DFRA�ME_SKIP_FRAME
//! Flag for mediafile/avhal to get audio dframe
#define GetAudio0x00000000
```

```

//! Flag for mediafile/avhal to get video dframe
#define GetVideo 0x00000001

// dwFrameFlags
#define DPOSSIZENAME_VIDEO_FRAME      0x00000001
    //! Is this file type currently recording
#define DPOSSIZENAME_RECORDING        0x00000004
    //! This frame needs to be made black (default frame) in MediaFile
#define DPOSSIZENAME_PLEASE_BLACK
    _PDFRAMEFLAGS_PLEASE_BLACK // 0x00000080
    //! This is a mono audio chunk
#define DPOSSIZENAME_MONO_AUDIO_FRAME 0x00000100
    //! This is a stereo audio chunk
#define DPOSSIZENAME_STEREO_AUDIO_FRAME 0x00000200
#define DPOSSIZENAME_QUAD_AUDIO_FRAME 0x00000400
#define DPOSSIZENAME_4_1_AUDIO_FRAME 0x00000800
#define DPOSSIZENAME_5_1_AUDIO_FRAME 0x00001000
#define DPOSSIZENAME_7_1_AUDIO_FRAME 0x00002000
#define DPOSSIZENAME_9_1_AUDIO_FRAME 0x00004000
#define DPOSSIZENAME_AUDIO_MASK
    (DPOSSIZENAME_MONO_AUDIO_FRAME|
DPOSSIZENAME_STEREO_AUDIO_FRAME|
DPOSSIZENAME_STEREO_AUDIO_FRAME|
DPOSSIZENAME_QUAD_AUDIO_FRAME|DPOSSIZENAME_4_1_AUDIO_FRAME|
DPOSSIZENAME_5_1_AUDIO_FRAME| DPOSSIZENAME_7_1_AUDIO_FRAME|
DPOSSIZENAME_9_1_AUDIO_FRAME)
#define DPOSSIZENAME_FRAME_MASK        0x0000FFFF
    //! This frame contains audio data see DFRAFME::dwType
#define DFRAFME_TYPE_AUDIO           0x00010000
    //! 16 bit audio
#define DPOSSIZENAME_AUD_16_16_BIT    0x00100000
    //! 20 bit audio in 24
#define DPOSSIZENAME_AUD_20_24_BIT    0x00200000
    //! 24 bit audio in 24
#define DPOSSIZENAME_AUD_24_24_BIT    0x00400000
    //! 24/32 bit audio in 32
#define DPOSSIZENAME_AUD_24_32_BIT    0x00800000
    //! 32/32 bit audio in 32
#define DPOSSIZENAME_AUD_32_32_BIT    0x01000000
    //! Audio is compressed
#define DPOSSIZENAME_AUD_COMPRESSED   0x02000000
    //! Audio is big endian, else little endian
#define DPOSSIZENAME_AUD_BIGENDIAN_BIT 0x00080000
    //! Just for completeness
#define DPOSSIZENAME_AUD_LITTLEENDIAN_BIT 0x00000000

```

```
//! This frame is independent of other frames for decode see  
DFRAME::dwType  
#define DFRAME_TYPE_KEYFRAME 0x10000000  
    //! This frame is independent of other frames for decode (an MPEG I Frame)  
see DFRAME::dwType  
#define DFRAME_TYPE_KEYFRAME_I      0x10000000  
    //! This frame requires previous keyframe(s) (for MPEG a P Frame) see  
DFRAME::dwType  
#define DFRAME_TYPE_KEYFRAME_P      0x80000000  
    //! This frame requires more than one frame to decode (for MPEG a B  
Frame) see DFRAME::dwType  
#define DFRAME_TYPE_KEYFRAME_B      0x20000000  
    //! This frame should be skipped (decoded, but not displayed) - Used to  
reach seek frame on a non key frame from key frame see DFRAME::dwType  
#define DFRAME_SKIP_FRAME          0x40000000
```

## Defines And Constants

These formats are used by dtmwGetWriteTypes() and dtmwSetWriteType() to set up the frame return type for dtmwPutVideoFrame(). See the [Video Output Formats](#) section for more information on these frame layouts.

```
/** The write video frame types
 */
//! Windows RGBA (like bitmap, tga, etc)
const long DTMR_WRITETYPE_ARGB = 0;
//! 8 Bit YCbCr (yuv2, D1/HDSDI raw 4:2:2 video
const long DTMR_WRITETYPE_UYVY = 1;
//! 10 Bit v210 (quicktime packing) 4:2:2 video
const long DTMR_WRITETYPE_V210 = 2;
//! 10 Bit RGB 4:4:4 (dpx packing)
const long DTMR_WRITETYPE_RGB10Bit = 3;
//! 16 bit per component (64 bit) RGBA 4:4:4:4
const long DTMR_WRITETYPE_RGBA64 = 4;
//! 16 bit half float per component RGBA (GPU)
const long DTMR_WRITETYPE_RGBAHALFFLOAT = 5;
//! Returned if there are no more suggested types
const long DTMR_WRITETYPE_INVALID = -1;

//! Set readtype AUDIO to 16 bits LE
const unsigned long DTMR_WRITETYPE_FRAME_AUDIO_16LE =
(0x00010000 | 16);
//! Set readtype AUDIO to 32 bits (note, 16, 20, 24 will be shifted to most
//! significant, LE)
const unsigned long DTMR_WRITETYPE_FRAME_AUDIO_32LE =
(0x00010000 | 32);
//! Invalid file
const long DTMR_WRITETYPE_INVALID = -1;
```

# **Output File Formats**

## **RtIndex (RTIN) – Special**

dtmftrtIndex = 172 // Special case, write an RTIN directly

## **Windows Wave (audio only)**

dtmwWave = 1, // Windows WAV audio files (audio)

## **QuickTime Movie**

dtmwMov = 2, // QuickTime movie files (audio video info)

## **Windows AVI**

dtmwAvi = 3,  
(audio video info) // Video for windows, Audio Video Interleave

## **Targa Files**

dtmwLiveTga = 99, // 32 Bit Uncompressed only

## **TIFF Files**

dtmwLiveTiff = 101, // 32 Bit Uncompressed only

## **YUV Files**

dtmwLiveYuv = 104, // 8/10 Bit Uncompressed YCbCr only

## **HDR YUV Raw Stream**

DtmwHdrYuv = 106, //

## **WAV Extensible (audio only)**

dtmwAdvWave = 107, // Windows WAVE format extension (multi channel)  
audio plugin (no dual mono)

## **AIFF (audio only)**

dtmwAdvAiff = 108, // Apple/SGI format multi channel audio plugin

## **MXF Sony SD IMX**

dtmwMXFSonySD = 110, // Sony IMX MPEG SD

## **DPX Files**

dtmwLiveDpx = 111, // RGB10 or YCBCR10

## **WAV Broadcast Wave Format (audio only)**

dtmwBWaveF = 117, // Broadcast wave format

## **Sony XDCam 4:2:0 (Old XDCam)**

dtmwMXFSonyHD = 127, // Sony 25/35mbit 4:2:0 XDCam (old XDCam)

**Panasonic P2 DV MXF**

dtmlwMXFP2DV = 134, // Panasonic P2 DV25/50/HD

**Avid OP-Atom MXF**

dtmlwMXFIAvid = 135, // Avid OPAtom direct to mediafiles

**Panasonic P2 AVCi MXF**

dtmlwMXFP2AVCi = 163, // Panasonic AVCi 100/50 writer

**DCP/DCI MXF**

dtmlwMXFDCCP = 167, // Unencrypted DCP

**OP1a MXF**

dtmlwMXFOP1a = 172, // Op1a - yuv, j2k, avci, dvhd

**Sony HDCam MXF**

dtmlwMXFSMDK = 186, // Sony HDCam MXF

**Sony XDCam 4:2:2 50 Mbs**

dtmlwMXFSony422 = 192, // Sony XDCam 4:2:2 50 Mbit

**EasyDCP/DCI MXF**

dtmlwMFXEasyDCP = 196, // Encrypted DCP (requires EasyDCP license)

**MPEG-4 h.264**

dtmlwMP4 = 197, // MP4 with 264 compression

**AS-02 MXF**

dtmlwMXFAS02 = 201, // MXF AS-02

## **Compression Types**

**DTWAVE\_FORMAT\_PCM (Up to stereo little endian)**

**DTWAVE\_FORMAT\_EXTENSIBLE (Multi channel audio little endian)**

**dtmwfcck16BitBigEndianFormat (Mov/Aiff big endian audio)**

Sent as PCM little endian 16 or 32 bits per channel, stereo pairs

**dtmwfccdv25**

DV-25 4:2:0

**dtmwfccdv50**

DV-50 4:2:2

**dtmwfccdvhd**

DV-100/DVHD

**dtmwfcckYCbCr8Bit**

yuv2/uyvy 8 bit YCbCr

**dtmwfcckYCbCr10Bit**

V210 10 bit YCbCr

**dtmwfccCineForm**

CineForm lossless/lossy codec

**dtmwBI\_RGB**

ABGR 32 bit (8 bits per component)

**dpmwfcckIMXD10\_NTSC\_50**

50 Mbit NTSC IMX MPEG

**dpmwfcckIMXD10\_NTSC\_40**

40 Mbit NTSC IMX MPEG

**dpmwfcckIMXD10\_NTSC\_30**

30 Mbit NTSC IMX MPEG

**dpmwfcckIMXD10\_PAL\_50**

50 Mbit PAL IMX MPEG

**dpmwfcckIMXD10\_PAL\_40**

40 Mbit PAL IMX MPEG

**dtmwfcckIMXD10\_PAL\_30**

30 Mbit PAL IMX MPEG

**dtmwfcc10LinDPX**

Big endian

**dtmwfcc10LogDPX**

Big endian

**dtmwfccDT\_MPEGHD\_VBR\_I**

4:2:0 XDCAM HD VBR Interlace

**dtmwfccDT\_MPEGHD\_VBR\_P**

4:2:0 XDCAM HD VBR Progressive

**dtmwfccDT\_MPEGHD\_VBR\_I\_17**

4:2:0 XDCAM HD VBR Interlaced 17.5 Mbps

**dtmwfccDT\_MPEGHD\_VBR\_P\_17**

4:2:0 XDCAM HD VBR Progressive 17.5 Mbps

**dtmwfccDT\_MPEGHD\_VBR\_I\_25**

4:2:0 XDCAM HD VBR Interlaced 25 Mbps

**dtmwfccDT\_MPEGHD\_VBR\_P\_25**

4:2:0 XDCAM HD VBR Progressive 25 Mbps

**dtmwfccDT\_MPEGHD\_VBR\_I\_35**

4:2:0 XDCAM HD VBR Interlaced 35 Mbps

**dtmwfccDT\_MPEGHD\_VBR\_P\_35**

4:2:0 XDCAM HD VBR Progressive 35 Mbps

**dtmwfccDT\_MPEGHD\_CBR\_I**

4:2:0 XDCAM HD CBR Interlaced 25 Mbps

**dtmwfccDT\_MPEGHD\_CBR\_P**

4:2:0 XDCAM HD CBR Progressive 25 Mbps

**drmwfccH264CodecType**

AVC1 H.264 bitstream without start codes.

**dtmwfcckDNxHD\_220x\_10**

1920x1080 10 Bit P (220x/185x/175x)

**dtmwfcckDNxHD\_145x**

1920x1080 8 Bit P (145/120/115) ~equiv hdcam/dvcpro100

**dtmwfcckDNxHD\_220x**

1920x1080 8 Bit P (220/185/175)

**dtmwfcckDNxHD\_220\_10**

1920x1080 10 Bit i (220/185/175)

**dtmwfcckDNxHD\_145**

1920x1080 8 Bit i (145/120/115)

**dtmwfcckDNxHD\_220**

1920x1080 8 Bit i (220/185/175)

**dtmwfcckDNxHD\_720\_220x**

1280x720 10 Bit P (220x/175x/90x)

**dtmwfcckDNxHD\_720\_220**

1280x720 8 Bit P (220x/175x/90x)

**dtmwfcckDNxHD\_720\_145**

1280x720 8 Bit P (145x/120x/115x)

**dtmwfcckDNxHD\_36**

1920x1080 8 Bit P (36)

**dtmwfccAVCi100**

Panasonic AVCi-100

**dtmwfccJ2\_Cinema2K**

Digital cinema 2K (alias)

**dtmwfccJ2\_Cinema4K**

Digital cinema 4K (alias)

**fccJPEG2000\_YCbCr**

SAMA/YCbCrJ2K/Grass Valley Infinity

**dtmwfccHDCamSR**

HDCam SR 4:2:2 10 bit

**dtmwfccHDCamSR\_444**

HDCam SR 4:4:4

**dtmwfccDT\_MPEG422**  
4:2:2 MPEG-2 50 Mbit

**dtmwfcckXAVC**  
Sony XAVC 100 HD

**dtmwfcckXAVC4K**  
Sony XAVC 100 4K

## **Output Video Formats**

These are the formats supported by dtmwSetVideoFrame(). Each of these formats only appears as specified here for this return. The dtmwSourceXXX series of methods (including dtmwSourceBitDepth and SourceFourCC) refer to the video media as it is saved on disk. The DTMediaRead library will decompress, and where necessary convert, from the file's native format to the requested format set by dtmeSetReadType(). For each file opened, the dtmwGetReadTypes() should be called to determine the available read types.

**ARGB 32 (8 bits per component, vertical invert)****DTMR\_READTYPE\_RGBA**

ARGB Decreasing Address Order															
Byte 3				Byte 2				Byte 1				Byte 0			
Alpha				Red				Green				Blue			
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

**RGB 30 (10 bits per component)****DTMR\_READTYPE\_RGB10Bit**

RGB 10 Bit Decreasing Address Order															
Byte 3				Byte 2				Byte 1				Byte 0			
Blue				Green				Blue				Red			
5	4	3	2	1	0			3	2	1	0	9	8	7	6
5	4	3	2	1	0			1	0	9	8	7	6	5	4
5	4	3	2	1	0			9	8	7	6	5	4	9	8
5	4	3	2	1	0			7	6	5	4	9	8	7	6
5	4	3	2	1	0			5	4	3	2	1	0	5	4
5	4	3	2	1	0			3	2	1	0	7	6	5	4
5	4	3	2	1	0			1	0	7	6	5	4	3	2
5	4	3	2	1	0			0	7	6	5	4	3	2	1

Please note: This is the standard DPX file layout, which was originally big endian, but is viewed here as little endian.

**YCrCb 8 (8 bits per component 4:2:2)****DTMR\_READTYPE\_UVYV**

YCbCr8 2 Pixels, Decreasing Address Order															
Byte 3				Byte 2				Byte 1				Byte 0			
Cr				Y1				Cb				Y0			
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

**YCrCb 10 (10 bits per component 4:2:2)****DTMR\_READTYPE\_V210**

YCbCr10 Pixels, Decreasing Address Order															
Byte 3				Byte 2				Byte 1				Byte 0			
				Cr 0				Y 0				Cb 0			
				9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	9	8
				9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	9	8
				7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	9	8	7	6
				5	4	3	2	1	0	9	8	7	6	5	4
				3	2	1	0	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2
				1	0	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Byte 7				Byte 6				Byte 5				Byte 4			
				Y 2				Cb 1				Y 1			
				9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	9	8
				9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	9	8
				7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	9	8	7	6
				5	4	3	2	1	0	9	8	7	6	5	4
				3	2	1	0	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2
				1	0	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Byte 11				Byte 10				Byte 9				Byte 8			
				Cb 2				Y 3				Cr 1			
				9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	9	8
				9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	9	8
				7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	9	8	7	6
				5	4	3	2	1	0	9	8	7	6	5	4
				3	2	1	0	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2
				1	0	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

Byte 15		Byte 14		Byte 13		Byte 12													
		Y 5		Cr 2		Y 4													
9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

## Supported Video IP Types

### UDP and RTP

UDP [User Datagram Protocol] and RTP [Real-time Transport Protocol] streams can be elementary video or audio streams, or more commonly a transport stream with PMT/PAT (Program Association Table/Program Mapping Table) and a number of streams within it. For UDP and RTP, you can specify a TCP (direct) address, but normally it will be a multicast group address, and also a port is normally specified. Here are a few examples:

```
udp://239.254.40.40:5004  
rtp://239.100.20.20:50004  
rtp://239.100.30:31:1234
```

This is a server protocol on the receiver, and requires the selected port to be open to receive. On the send side, it should work without firewall adjustment.

### SRT

SRT [Secure Reliable Transport] streams contain a transport stream with PMT/PAT and a number of streams within it. For SRT you can specify an address and a port. There are three modes for SRT: listener, caller and rendezvous. If you are a listener, you can only connect with a caller and vice versa. For Rendezvous, both the sender and receiver must be in rendezvous mode. A password for encrypted service can also be set. Here is some information on the modes:

listener - this has to be one of your local IP addresses, and acts as a server waiting for a connection, so it must be directly visible to the caller (not behind a firewall)

caller - this calls out to a remote IP that is running as a listener. You must be able to reach the IP directly (e.g. no firewall)

rendezvous - this connects bi directionally, allowing it to connect through firewalls without extra configuration. Each side of the rendezvous uses the external (internet facing) IP address of their internet connection. This allows the signals to connect and pass through the firewall

Here are a few examples:

```
srt://239.254.40.40:5004?mode=listener  
srt://172.12.25.20:5006?mode=caller  
srt://239.100.30:31:1234?mode=caller&password=thisisapassword&user=thisisauser
```

Possible parameters include

```
mode=
  caller
  listener
  rendezvous
password=<string>
keylen=16|24|32
username=<string>
streamid=#
latency=#
buffering=#
maxbw=#
```

When using the 'listener' mode, the port it is listening on must be open in the firewall. For Caller and Rendezvous, it should work without firewall adjustment.

## RIST

RIST [Reliable Internet Stream Transport] streams are UDP based self correcting connections.

Drastic currently supports the following RIST profiles: Simple, and Main. Simple Profile provides ARQ (automatic repeat request) for packet loss recovery, jitter removal, optional FEC (forward error correction). The Main Profile adds encryption for secure content.

Both the sender and the receiver must be in the same mode. The receiver will be the server and listen for a connection. The sender will be the client and connect to the receiver to send the data. The protocol will use two ports, the lower of which is specified in the URL and the higher which is the lower plus one. The lower port must be even.

Here are a few examples:

```
rist://10.0.0.123:5000?mode=listener&profile=main
rist://192.168.1.22?mode=caller&profile=simple
```

Possible parameters include:

mode: listener (for server/receiver), caller (for client/sender) - Required  
profile: simple, main or advanced  
password: encryption key  
buffering: amount of buffer in milliseconds

When using the 'listener' mode, the port it is listening on must be open in the firewall. For Caller, it should work without firewall adjustment.

## RTSP

RTSP [Real Time Streaming Protocol] streams require not only the device address, but also the description of the source of the stream you are accessing on that device. RTSP are also often user/password protected, so you may have to send a user/password in the form "<user>:<pass>@" just before the device identifier. Here are a few examples, and their sources:

rtsp://192.168.100.10/axis-media/media.amp (an Axis camera)  
rtsp://192.168.199.11/user:pass@/video1+audio1 (a Marshall camera, with password)  
rtsp://192.168.160.20:/onvif/media.amp (an OnVIF source)  
rtsp://192.168.150:11/video1?videocodec=h264 (a Marshall camera, video only, force h.264)

For sending, RTSP should work without firewall adjustment. RTSP uses port 554

## RTMP

RTMP [Real-Time Messaging Protocol] is normally used to stream one video and one stereo audio channel to a website for distribution to multiple watchers. In modern sites, the RTMP is actually re-wrapped into HLS, which is then viewed by the end user. To connect to an RTMP site, like flowcaster.live, youtube.com, and twitch.com, you will need the URL/Link and the key/secret. For youtube, they are available after you 'go live' as the Stream URL and the Stream Key. Once you have them, you simply add a slash and the Stream Key to the Stream URL. For example:

Stream URL: rtmp://a.rtmp.youtube.com/live2

Stream Key: j2bg-a6ck-8t48-w2y2-aaaa

Final URL: rtmp://a.rtmp.youtube.com/live2/j2bg-a6ck-8t48-w2y2-aaaa

For sending, RTMP should work without firewall adjustment. RTMP uses port 1935

## WebRTC

WebRTC [Web Real-Time Communication] is a browser native method of sharing video, audio and data. It is primarily used in chat programs, like Google Meet. When sending via WebRTC, FlowCaster appears as a person in the chat, with whatever video and audio it is receiving being sent to the chat.

Here is an example:

`webrtc://flowcaster.live?meetingid=asre-dsec-asds-seff&name=flowcaster`

WebRTC uses a bunch of standard ports:

Access to ports TCP + UDP 4443, 3478, 443 for `www.flowcaster.live`

Access to video streaming services in VPN and Firewall settings

Ports used: 80, 443, 4443, 3478 (TCP and UDP), 5349 TCP, 40000:65535 UDP

### WHIP (WebRTC - Millicast)

WHIP [WebRTC-HTTP ingestion protocol] is a simpler negotiation system for WebRTC. Currently in use by Millicast to receive streams for worldwide, low latency transmission, FlowCaster and Net-X-Code Server support sending video signals via WHIP. WHIP requires an auth code (available from the Millicast config pages) and a stream name. The stream name is added to the end of `whip://director.millicast.com/api/whip/` and the auth token is a parameter that starts with `auth=`.

Here is an example

`whip://director.millicast.com/api/whip/kwky3g6g?`  
`auth=48ce3daa09cd8355f80fc0d37005f9422a62bebf9b6411b61cfb1cfb2fa`

WHIP uses a bunch of standard ports:

Access to ports TCP + UDP 4443, 3478, 443 for `www.flowcaster.live`

Access to video streaming services in VPN and Firewall settings

Ports used: 80, 443, 4443, 3478 (TCP and UDP), 5349 TCP, 40000:65535 UDP

### BLS (Bliss Protocol)

BLS [Browser Live Stream] is a protocol developed by Drastic to send live video via an encrypted channel directly to a user's browser. It allows for much higher quality video than WebRTC, while still not requiring any plugins or special setup to present audio and video directly in a modern, HTML5 browser.

Here are a couple examples:

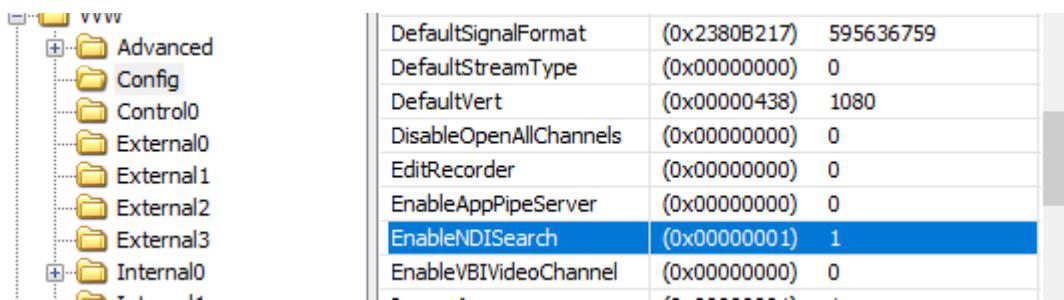
`bls://10.0.0.234:5000`

`blss://192.168.202.200:3000?password=kfiwgt84jsd&remoteip=120.32.54.6`

BLS uses the port explicitly set. If there is no port set, it will use 80 for unencrypted and 443 for encrypted traffic.

## NDI

NDI [Network Device Interface] is a video over IP protocol from NewTek®. It requires a device name and a source name to access NDI sources. NDI sources may also be searched on the local network. To enable the search, run DDRConfig and select the Advanced tab. Go to /VVW/Config and change EnableNDISearch = 1. If it does not exist, then create a new Numeric value for it.



The screenshot shows the DDRConfig interface with the 'Advanced' tab selected. On the left is a tree view with nodes like 'Advanced', 'Config', 'Control0', 'External0', 'External1', 'External2', 'External3', and 'Internal0'. On the right is a table with the following data:

DefaultSignalFormat	(0x2380B217)	595636759
DefaultStreamType	(0x00000000)	0
DefaultVert	(0x00000438)	1080
DisableOpenAllChannels	(0x00000000)	0
EditRecorder	(0x00000000)	0
EnableAppPipeServer	(0x00000000)	0
EnableNDISearch	(0x00000001)	1
EnableVBIVideoChannel	(0x00000000)	0

To specify an NDI stream, use the device name, followed by a space, and then the source name within brackets.

```
ndi://USER-PC (Desktop [2])
ndi://TestCameraSource (ISO_1)
ndi://PC2 (Google Chrome [1])
```

If you are creating an NDI stream, with FlowCaster or Net-X-Code Server, for instance, only the stream name is specified. The Computer name is added automatically by NDI, and you cannot use brackets in the name

```
ndi://FlowCasterOut
ndi://SDI1Out
ndi://SMPTE2110_Group1
```

NDI uses a range of TCP ports: NDI ports 49152 to 65535

## CDI

CDI [Cloud Digital Interface] is an advanced, fully uncompressed, protocol for use within Amazon VMs. It transports video in a number of formats, as well as audio, time code and other metadata. While it is possible to use CDI with Amazon's enhanced network backbone, it is safest and most efficient, within

their network stacks. The URL will include a local IP and port, with an optional remote IP, adapter and ID.

Here are some examples:

cdi://10.0.0.2:6000

cdi://10.0.0.1:6000?remoteip=10.0.0.200&adapter=EFA&id=2

Possible parameters include:

remoteip: a remote computer to connect to exclusively

adapter: the transport, EFA (Elastic Fabric Adapter) or socket. EFA is the default.

id: a numeric value to specify the stream

The implementation for this transit occurs over the Scalable Reliable Datagram (SRD) protocol. To achieve the highest performance and lowest latency, the AWS CDI SDK relies on EC2 instances that support the Elastic Fabric Adapter (EFA) and are placed within a single Placement Group.

The AWS CDI SDK opens one specified User Datagram Protocol (UDP) port per connection to control communication between Amazon EC2 instances running AWS CDI SDK. The receiving side listens on the specified port number. The transmitting side uses a random port number from the ephemeral port range, as determined by the operating system.

For network security best practices concerning how to block UDP packets from the public Internet, see Security best practices for your VPC.

The AWS CDI SDK also relies on EC2 instances using a Security Group that allows all inbound and outbound traffic to and from the Security Group itself. For more information, see Prepare an EFA-Enabled Security Group.

## S2022 and S2110

The SMPTE 2022-6 and SMPTE 2110 protocols can be accessed via SDP (Session Description Protocol) or manual setup. To access an SDP source:

s2022://192.168.101.200/channel1.sdp

s2110://mainsources.drastic.ca/crosspoint10.sdp

For some Drastic software, the source can be set up manually. For S2022, this is a single set of Source IP, Source Port, Destination IP, Destination Port and Interface address. One or any combination of these can be used to describe the source of the SMPTE 2022-6 stream, which

contains all the video, audio and HANC/VANC channels. For SMPTE 2110, up to three sets of the same information are required to describe the video, audio and anc streams, which are all separate. A PTP (Precision Time Protocol) grandmaster may also be specified.

## **Output Audio Formats**

This is the format supported by GetAudioFrame().

Audio is always output as two channels of either 32 bit or 16 bit per sample PCM audio. This is written in the same format as Windows wave files.

Left Channel (2 or 4 bytes little endian)  
Right Channel (2 or 5 bytes little endian)  
[ repeats with no padding ]

The frequency is dependent on the dtmwSourceAudioFrequency return. The bit size is dependent on dtmwSourceAudioBitsPerSample. If the dtmwSourceAudioBitsPerSample is 16 or less, then it will return 16 bit samples. If it is greater than 16 bits (normally 20, 24 or 32), then it will return 32 bits, where the 20 or 24 have been shifted up to become 32 bits. Alternately, the incoming bit size may be forced by setting dtmrSetWriteType to either DTMR\_WRITETYPE\_FRAME\_AUDIO\_16LE or DTMR\_WRITETYPE\_FRAME\_AUDIO\_32LE.

The size of the return is dependent on the frame rate of the file. This can vary from 23.98 fps, or 2000/2001 samples per frame, down to 60 fps, or 800 samples per frame. The size will also vary, depending on how the frame rate divides into the sample rate. For example:

48,000 Hz audio at 29.97 video = 1601.6 samples

Because we can only return an even number of samples, the audio is returned in a 5 frame cadence of 1601 or 1602 samples. Because these are stereo, this means the application will receive 6404/6408 bytes in 16 bit, and 12808/12816 bytes in 20/24/32 bit.

## **Examples**

Please see the sample code in  
samples/simpledtmediawrite  
samples/simpledtmediawritemulti

And for RTIN generation, please see  
samples/raw2rtin

To obtain the sample media required for raw2rtin, please Contact Drastic.

# Metadata Elements

The functions SourceMetaDataDWORD() and SourceMetaDataSTR() use the defines below to return specific metadata from the file. The first enums are string values for SourceMetaDataSTR() (from vwwiFileName to vwwiUMID). The second set of enums are the DWORD values (from vwwiTimeCode to vwwiAudioBits).

```
/** Numeric values for all the metadata information types available in MR and VVW
*/
enum vwwInfoMetaTypes {
    //! see VVWINFO::szFileName
    vwwiFileName,
    //! see VVWINFO::szNativeLocator
    vwwiNativeLocator,
    //! see VVWINFO::szUniversalName
    vwwiUniversalName,
    //! see VVWINFO::szIP
    vwwiIP,
    //! see VVWINFO::szSourceLocator
    vwwiSourceLocator,

    //! see VVWINFO::szChannel
    vwwiChannel,
    //! see VVWINFO::szChannelName
    vwwiChannelName,
    //! see VVWINFO::szChannelDescription
    vwwiChannelDescription,
    //! see VVWINFO::szTitle
    vwwiTitle,
    //! see VVWINFO::szSubject
    vwwiSubject,
    //! see VVWINFO::szCategory
    vwwiCategory,           // <- 10
    //! see VVWINFO::szKeywords
    vwwiKeywords,
    //! see VVWINFO::szRatings
    vwwiRatings,
    //! see VVWINFO::szComments
    vwwiComments,
    //! see VVWINFO::szOwner
    vwwiOwner,
    //! see VVWINFO::szEditor
    vwwiEditor,
    //! see VVWINFO::szSupplier
    vwwiSupplier,
    //! see VVWINFO::szSource
    vwwiSource,
    //! see VVWINFO::szProject
    vwwiProject,
    //! see VVWINFO::szStatus
    vwwiStatus,
    //! see VVWINFO::szAuthor
    vwwiAuthor,             // <- 20
    //! see VVWINFO::szRevisionNumber
    vwwiRevisionNumber,
    //! see VVWINFO::szProduced
```

```
vvwiProduced,  
//! see VVWINFO::szAlbum  
vvwiAlbum,  
//! see VVWINFO::szArtist  
vvwiArtist,  
//! see VVWINFO::szComposer  
vvwiComposer,  
//! see VVWINFO::szCopyright  
vvwiCopyright,  
//! see VVWINFO::szCreationData  
vvwiCreationData,  
//! see VVWINFO::szDescription  
vvwiDescription,  
//! see VVWINFO::szDirector  
vvwiDirector,  
//! see VVWINFO::szDisclaimer  
vvwiDisclaimer, // <-- 30  
//! see VVWINFO::szEncodedBy  
vvwiEncodedBy,  
//! see VVWINFO::szFullName  
vvwiFullName,  
//! see VVWINFO::szGenre  
vvwiGenre,  
//! see VVWINFO::szHostComputer  
vvwiHostComputer,  
//! see VVWINFO::szInformation  
vvwiInformation,  
//! see VVWINFO::szMake  
vvwiMake,  
//! see VVWINFO::szModel  
vvwiModel,  
//! see VVWINFO::szOriginalArtist  
vvwiOriginalArtist,  
//! see VVWINFO::szOriginalFormat  
vvwiOriginalFormat,  
//! see VVWINFO::szPerformers  
vvwiPerformers, // <-- 40  
//! see VVWINFO::szProducer  
vvwiProducer,  
//! see VVWINFO::szProduct  
vvwiProduct,  
//! see VVWINFO::szSoftware  
vvwiSoftware,  
//! see VVWINFO::szSpecialPlaybackRequirements  
vvwiSpecialPlaybackRequirements,  
//! see VVWINFO::szTrack  
vvwiTrack,  
//! see VVWINFO::szWarning  
vvwiWarning,  
//! see VVWINFO::szURLLink  
vvwiURLLink,  
//! see VVWINFO::szEditData1  
vvwiEditData1,  
//! see VVWINFO::szEditData2  
vvwiEditData2,  
//! see VVWINFO::szEditData3  
vvwiEditData3, // <-- 50  
//! see VVWINFO::szEditData4
```

```
vvwiEditData4,  
//! see VVWINFO::szEditData5  
vvwiEditData5,  
//! see VVWINFO::szEditData6  
vvwiEditData6,  
//! see VVWINFO::szEditData7  
vvwiEditData7,  
//! see VVWINFO::szEditData8  
vvwiEditData8,  
//! see VVWINFO::szEditData9  
vvwiEditData9,  
//! see VVWINFO::szVersionString  
vvwiVersionString,  
//! see VVWINFO::szManufacturer  
vvwiManufacturer,  
//! see VVWINFO::szLanguage  
vvwiLanguage,  
//! see VVWINFO::szFormat  
vvwiFormat, // <-- 60  
//! see VVWINFO::szInputDevice  
vvwiInputDevice,  
//! see VVWINFO::szDeviceModelNum  
vvwiDeviceModelNum,  
//! see VVWINFO::szDeviceSerialNum  
vvwiDeviceSerialNum,  
//! see VVWINFO::szReel  
vvwiReel,  
//! see VVWINFO::szShot  
vvwiShot,  
//! see VVWINFO::szTake  
vvwiTake,  
//! see VVWINFO::szSlateInfo  
vvwiSlateInfo,  
//! see VVWINFO::szFrameAttribute  
vvwiFrameAttribute,  
//! see VVWINFO::szEpisode  
vvwiEpisode,  
//! see VVWINFO::szScene  
vvwiScene, // <-- 70  
//! see VVWINFO::szDailyRoll  
vvwiDailyRoll,  
//! see VVWINFO::szCamRoll  
vvwiCamRoll,  
//! see VVWINFO::szSoundRoll  
vvwiSoundRoll,  
//! see VVWINFO::szLabRoll  
vvwiLabRoll,  
//! see VVWINFO::szKeyNumberPrefix  
vvwiKeyNumberPrefix,  
//! see VVWINFO::szInkNumberPrefix  
vvwiInkNumberPrefix,  
//! see VVWINFO::szPictureIcon  
vvwiPictureIcon,  
//! see VVWINFO::szProxyFile  
vvwiProxyFile,  
//!  
vvwiCustomMetadataBlockPointer,  
//!
```

```
vvwiImageInfo,
//!
vvwiUMID,
//
vvwiEND_OF_STRINGS,

vvwiNumericStart = 0x1000,
//! see VVWINFO::dwTimeCode
vvwiTimeCode,
//! see VVWINFO::dwUserBits
vvwiUserBits,
//! see VVWINFO::dwVITCTimeCode
vvwiVITCTimeCode,
//! see VVWINFO::dwVITCUserBits
vvwiVITCUserBits,
//! see VVWINFO::dwVITCLine3
vvwiVITCLine3,
//! see VVWINFO::dwPosterFrame
vvwiPosterFrame,
//! see VVWINFO::dwAFrame
vvwiAFrame,
//! see VVWINFO::dwAspectRatio
vvwiAspectRatio,
//! see VVWINFO::dwOriginalRate
vvwiOriginalRate,
//! see VVWINFO::dwOriginalScale
vvwiOriginalScale,
//! see VVWINFO::dwConversions
vvwiConversions,
//! see VVWINFO::dwVersionNumber
vvwiVersionNumber,
//! see VVWINFO::dwFileSize
vvwiFileSize,
//! see VVWINFO::dwFileDate
vvwiFileDate,
//! see VVWINFO::dwFileTime
vvwiFileTime,
//! see VVWINFO::dwSequenceNumber
vvwiSequenceNumber,
//! see VVWINFO::dwTotalStreams
vvwiTotalStreams,
//! see VVWINFO::dwTotalLength
vvwiTotalLength,
//! see VVWINFO::dwFilmManufacturerCode
vvwiFilmManufacturerCode,
//! see VVWINFO::dwFilmTypeCode
vvwiFilmTypeCode,
//! see VVWINFO::dwWhitePoint
vvwiWhitePoint,
//! see VVWINFO::dwBlackPoint
vvwiBlackPoint,
//! see VVWINFO::dwBlackGain
vvwiBlackGain,
//! see VVWINFO::dwBreakPoint
vvwiBreakPoint,
//! see VVWINFO::dwGamma1000
vvwiGamma1000,
//! see VVWINFO::dwTagNumber
```

```

vwwiTagNumber,
//! see VVWINFO::dwFlags
vwwiFlags,
//! see VVWINFO::dwTimeCodeType
vwwiTimeCodeType,
//! see VVWINFO::dwLTCTimeCodeType
vwwiLTCTimeCodeType,
//! see VVWINFO::dwVITCTimeCodeType
vwwiVITCTimeCodeType,
//! see VVWINFO::dwProdDate
vwwiProdDate,
//End: v3.0
//! see VVWINFO::dwUniqueID
vwwiUniqueID,
//!
vwwiCustomMetadataBlockType,
vwwiCustomMetadataBlockSize,
vwwiNorthSouthEastWest,
vwwiLatitude,
vwwiLongitude,
vwwiExposure,
vwwiRedGain,
vwwiBlueGain,
vwwiWhiteBalance,

vwwiEND_OF_DWORD_V2,
// Add elements here
//VVVID STRUCT
//! INTERNAL: Auto generated for XML output from #VVWVIDEO/#VVWAUDIO
vwwiVideoWidth = 0x10000,
//! XML tag name for width
#define VVWINFOTAG_woVideoWidth "Width"
#define VVWINFODESC_woVideoWidth "Width"
//! INTERNAL: Auto generated for XML output from #VVWVIDEO/#VVWAUDIO
vwwiVideoHeight,
//! XML tag name for height
#define VVWINFOTAG_woVideoHeight "Height"
#define VVWINFODESC_woVideoHeight "Height"
//! INTERNAL: Auto generated for XML output from #VVWVIDEO/#VVWAUDIO
vwwiVideoPlanes,
//! XML tag name for planes
#define VVWINFOTAG_woVideoPlanes "Planes"
#define VVWINFODESC_woVideoPlanes "Planes"
//! INTERNAL: Auto generated for XML output from #VVWVIDEO/#VVWAUDIO
vwwiVideoBitCount,
//! XML tag name for bit count
#define VVWINFOTAG_woVideoBitCount "BitCount"
#define VVWINFODESC_woVideoBitCount "BitCount"
//! INTERNAL: Auto generated for XML output from #VVWVIDEO/#VVWAUDIO
vwwiVideoCompression,
//! XML tag name for compression (fourcc)
#define VVWINFOTAG_woVideoCompression "Compression"
#define VVWINFODESC_woVideoCompression "Compression"
//! INTERNAL: Auto generated for XML output from #VVWVIDEO/#VVWAUDIO
vwwiVideoSizeImage,
//! XML tag name for size of the image in unsigned chars
#define VVWINFOTAG_woVideoSizeImage "SizeImage"
#define VVWINFODESC_woVideoSizeImage "SizeImage"

```

```

//! INTERNAL: Auto generated for XML output from #VVWVIDEO/#VVAUDIO
vviVideoXPelsPerMeter,
//! XML tag name for X pels per meter
#define VVWINFOTAG_woVideoXPelsPerMeter           "XPelsPerMeter"
#define VVWINFODESC_woVideoXPelsPerMeter "XPelsPerMeter"
//! INTERNAL: Auto generated for XML output from #VVWVIDEO/#VVAUDIO
vviVideoYPelsPerMeter,
//! XML tag name for Y pels per meter
#define VVWINFOTAG_woVideoYPelsPerMeter           "YPelsPerMeter"
#define VVWINFODESC_woVideoYPelsPerMeter "YPelsPerMeter"
//! INTERNAL: Auto generated for XML output from #VVWVIDEO/#VVAUDIO
vviVideoClrUsed,
//! XML tag name for color elements used
#define VVWINFOTAG_woVideoClrUsed                 "ClrUsed"
#define VVWINFODESC_woVideoClrUsed "ClrUsed"
//! INTERNAL: Auto generated for XML output from #VVWVIDEO/#VVAUDIO
vviVideoClrImportant,
//! XML tag name for
#define VVWINFOTAG_woVideoClrImportant          "ClrImportant"
#define VVWINFODESC_woVideoClrImportant "ClrImportant"
//! INTERNAL: Auto generated for XML output from #VVWVIDEO/#VVAUDIO
vviVideoReserved,
//! XML tag name for reserved array
#define VVWINFOTAG_woVideoReserved                "Reserved"
#define VVWINFODESC_woVideoReserved "Reserved"
//! INTERNAL: Auto generated for XML output from #VVWVIDEO/#VVAUDIO
vviVideoFccType,
//! XML tag name for four cc type (video/audio)
#define VVWINFOTAG_woVideoFccType                "FccType"
#define VVWINFODESC_woVideoFccType "FccType"
//! INTERNAL: Auto generated for XML output from #VVWVIDEO/#VVAUDIO
vviVideoFccHandler,
//! XML tag name for four cc handler
#define VVWINFOTAG_woVideoFccHandler             "FccHandler"
#define VVWINFODESC_woVideoFccHandler "FccHandler"
//! INTERNAL: Auto generated for XML output from #VVWVIDEO/#VVAUDIO
vviVideoFlags,
//! XML tag name for flags
#define VVWINFOTAG_woVideoFlags                  "Flags"
#define VVWINFODESC_woVideoFlags "Flags"
//! INTERNAL: Auto generated for XML output from #VVWVIDEO/#VVAUDIO
vviVideoCaps,
//! XML tag name for capabilities
#define VVWINFOTAG_woVideoCaps                   "Caps"
#define VVWINFODESC_woVideoCaps "Caps"
//! INTERNAL: Auto generated for XML output from #VVWVIDEO/#VVAUDIO
vviVideoPriority,
//! XML tag name for priority
#define VVWINFOTAG_woVideoPriority               "Priority"
#define VVWINFODESC_woVideoPriority "Priority"
//! INTERNAL: Auto generated for XML output from #VVWVIDEO/#VVAUDIO
vviVideoLanguage,
//! XML tag name for language
#define VVWINFOTAG_woVideoLanguage              "Language"
#define VVWINFODESC_woVideoLanguage "Language"
//! INTERNAL: Auto generated for XML output from #VVWVIDEO/#VVAUDIO
vviVideoScale,
//! XML tag name for scale (fps = rate / scale)

```

```

#define VVWINFOTAG_woVideoScale           "Scale"
#define VVWINFODESC_woVideoScale          "Scale"
    //! INTERNAL: Auto generated for XML output from #VVWVIDEO/#VVWAUDIO
    vwiVideoRate,
    //! XML tag name for rate (fps = rate / scale)
#define VVWINFOTAG_woVideoRate            "Rate"
#define VVWINFODESC_woVideoRate           "Rate"
    //! INTERNAL: Auto generated for XML output from #VVWVIDEO/#VVWAUDIO
    vwiVideoStart,
    //! XML tag name for start frame
#define VVWINFOTAG_woVideoStart           "Start"
#define VVWINFODESC_woVideoStart          "Start"
    //! INTERNAL: Auto generated for XML output from #VVWVIDEO/#VVWAUDIO
    vwiVideoLength,
    //! XML tag name for the length in frames
#define VVWINFOTAG_woVideoLength          "Length"
#define VVWINFODESC_woVideoLength         "Length"
    //! INTERNAL: Auto generated for XML output from #VVWVIDEO/#VVWAUDIO
    vwiVideoInitialFrames,
    //! XML tag name for number of initial frames to load
#define VVWINFOTAG_woVideoInitialFrames   "InitialFrames"
#define VVWINFODESC_woVideoInitialFrames  "InitialFrames"
    //! INTERNAL: Auto generated for XML output from #VVWVIDEO/#VVWAUDIO
    vwiVideoSuggestedBufferSize,
    //! XML tag name for suggested maximum buffer size
#define VVWINFOTAG_woVideoSuggestedBufferSize "SuggestedBufferSize"
#define VVWINFODESC_woVideoSuggestedBufferSize "SuggestedBufferSize"
    //! INTERNAL: Auto generated for XML output from #VVWVIDEO/#VVWAUDIO
    vwiVideoQuality,
    //! XML tag name for quality
#define VVWINFOTAG_woVideoQuality         "Quality"
#define VVWINFODESC_woVideoQuality        "Quality"
    //! INTERNAL: Auto generated for XML output from #VVWVIDEO/#VVWAUDIO
    vwiVideoSampleSize,
    //! XML tag name for recommended sample size
#define VVWINFOTAG_woVideoSampleSize      "SampleSize"
#define VVWINFODESC_woVideoSampleSize     "SampleSize"
    //! INTERNAL: Auto generated for XML output from #VVWVIDEO/#VVWAUDIO
    vwiVideoEditCount,
    //! XML tag name for number of edits done on this file
#define VVWINFOTAG_woVideoEditCount       "EditCount"
#define VVWINFODESC_woVideoEditCount      "EditCount"
    //! INTERNAL: Auto generated for XML output from #VVWVIDEO/#VVWAUDIO
    vwiVideoFormatChangeCount,
    //! XML tag name for number of format changes
#define VVWINFOTAG_woVideoFormatChangeCount "FormatChangeCount"
#define VVWINFODESC_woVideoFormatChangeCount "FormatChangeCount"
    //! INTERNAL: Auto generated for XML output from #VVWVIDEO/#VVWAUDIO
    vwiVideoPitch,
    //! XML tag name for video line pitch
#define VVWINFOTAG_woVideoPitch           "Pitch"
#define VVWINFODESC_woVideoPitch          "Pitch"
    //! INTERNAL: Auto generated for XML output from #VVWVIDEO/#VVWAUDIO
    vwiVideoDrFlags,
    //! XML tag name for internal drastic flags
#define VVWINFOTAG_woVideoDrFlags         "DrFlags"
#define VVWINFODESC_woVideoDrFlags        "DrFlags"
    //! INTERNAL: Auto generated for XML output from #VVWVIDEO/#VVWAUDIO

```

```

    vwwiVideoFileType,
    //! XML tag name for drastic 'mft' file type
#define VVWINFOTAG_woVideoFileType           "FileType"
#define VVWINFODESC_woVideoFileType          "FileType"
    //! INTERNAL: Auto generated for XML output from #VVWVIDEO/#VVWAUDIO
    vwwiVideoResDrastic,
    //! XML tag name for reserved drastic array of DWORDS
#define VVWINFOTAG_woVideoResDrastic        "ResDrastic"
#define VVWINFODESC_woVideoResDrastic       "ResDrastic"
    //! INTERNAL: Auto generated for XML output from #VVWVIDEO/#VVWAUDIO
    vwwiAudioType,
    //! XML tag
#define VVWINFOTAG_woAudioType              "AudioType"
#define VVWINFODESC_woAudioType             "AudioType"
    //! INTERNAL: Auto generated for XML output from #VVWVIDEO/#VVWAUDIO
    vwwiAudioChannels,
    //! XML tag
#define VVWINFOTAG_woAudioChannels         "AudioChannels"
#define VVWINFODESC_woAudioChannels        "AudioChannels"
    //! INTERNAL: Auto generated for XML output from #VVWVIDEO/#VVWAUDIO
    vwwiAudioFrequency,
    //! XML tag
#define VVWINFOTAG_woAudioFrequency        "AudioFrequency"
#define VVWINFODESC_woAudioFrequency       "AudioFrequency"
    //! INTERNAL: Auto generated for XML output from #VVWVIDEO/#VVWAUDIO
    vwwiAudioBits,
    //! XML tag
#define VVWINFOTAG_woAudioBits             "AudioBits"
#define VVWINFODESC_woAudioBits            "AudioBits"
    //char szName[_VVWXXX_NAME_SIZE];      // Stream identifier
    //RECT/*16*/ rcFrame;                 // Frame dimensions
    vwwiLastElementPlus1
    // DO NOT ADD ANYTHING BELOW vwwiLastElementPlus1
};


```

# Direct Link Header

dtmediawrite.h

```
*****  
*  
*  
* Copyright (c) 1998-2023 Drastic Technologies Ltd. All Rights Reserved.  
* 523 The Queensway, Suite 201 Toronto ON M8V 1Y7  
* phone (416) 255 5636 fax (416) 255 8780  
* engineering@drastictech.com http://www.drastic.tv  
*****  
// drmediawrite.h : Declaration of the dtmediawrite api  
  
// Hacking class from activex control  
  
#ifndef __DTMEDIWRITE_DRASTIC_API_9204jrewf348j4_H_  
#define __DTMEDIWRITE_DRASTIC_API_9204jrewf348j4_H_  
  
//////////  
  
#define DTMWHANDLE void*  
  
#ifdef _WIN32  
#define DTMWCALLTYPE __stdcall  
#include <windows.h>  
#else  
#define DTMWCALLTYPE  
#endif  
  
#ifdef __cplusplus  
extern "C" { // PREVENT C++ NAME-MANGLING  
#endif  
  
/** The write types  
 */  
//! Windows RGBA (like bitmap, tga, etc.)  
const unsigned long DTMW_WRITETYPE_ARGB = 0;  
//! 8 Bit YCbCr (yuv2, D1/HDSDI raw 4:2:2 video  
const unsigned long DTMW_WRITETYPE_UYVY = 1;  
//! 10 Bit v210 (quicktime packing) 4:2:2 video  
const unsigned long DTMW_WRITETYPE_V210 = 2;  
//! 10 Bit RGB 4:4:4 (dpx packing)  
const unsigned long DTMW_WRITETYPE_RGB10Bit = 3;  
//! 16 bit per component (64 bit) RGBA 4:4:4:4  
const unsigned long DTMW_WRITETYPE_RGBA64 = 4;  
//! 16 bit half float per component RGBA (GPU)  
const unsigned long DTMW_WRITETYPE_RGBAHALFFLOAT = 5;  
//! Set readtype AUDIO to 16 bits LE  
const unsigned long DTMW_WRITETYPE_FRAME_AUDIO_16LE = (0x00010000 | 16);  
//! Set readtype AUDIO to 32 bits (note, 16, 20, 24 will be shifted to most significant, LE)  
const unsigned long DTMW_WRITETYPE_FRAME_AUDIO_32LE = (0x00010000 | 32);  
//! Invalid file  
const long DTMW_WRITETYPE_INVALID = -1;
```

```

enum {
    dtmwWave = 1,           // Windows WAV audio files (audio)
    //dtmwMov2 = 183,
    //dtmwMovh264 = 190,
    dtmwMov = 164,          // QuickTime movie files (audio video info)
    dtmwAvi = 3,             // Video for windows, Audio Video Interleave (audio video info)
    dtmwLiveTga = 99, // 32 Bit Uncompressed only
    dtmwLiveTiff = 101, // 32 Bit Uncompressed only
    dtmwLiveYuv = 104, // 8/10 Bit Uncompressed YCbCr only
    dtmwHdrYuv = 106, //
    dtmwAdvWave = 107, // Windows WAVE format extension (multi channel) audio
plugin (no dual mono)
    dtmwAdvAiff = 108, // Apple/SGI format multi channel audio plugin
    dtmwMXFSonySD = 110, // Sony IMX MPEG SD
    dtmwLiveDpx = 111, // RGB10 or YCBCR10
    dtmwBWaveF = 117, // Broadcast wave format
    dtmwMXFSonyHD = 127, // Sony 25/35mbit 4:2:2 XDCam (old XDCam)
    //dtmwMPEG4 ,           // MPEG-2 h264 essence
    dtmwMXFP2DV = 134, // Panasonic P2 DV25/50/HD
    dtmwMXFAvid = 135, // Avid OPAtom direct to mediafiles
    dtmwMXFP2AVCi = 163, // Panasonic AVCi 100/50 writer
    dtmwMXFDPCP = 167, // Unencrypted DCP
    dtmwMXFOP1a = 172, // Op1a - yuv, j2k, dnxhd, avci, dvhd
//    dtmwLiveDng = 178, // DNG bayer (direct write only)
    dtmwMXFSMDK = 186, // Sony HDCam MXF
    dtmwMXFSony422 = 192, // Sony XDCam 4:2:2 50 MBit
    dtmwMFXEasyDCP = 196, // Encrypted DCP (requires EasyDCP license)
    dtmwMP4 = 197, // MP4 with 264 compression
//    dtmwMXFSonyXAVC = 198, // Sony XAVC Container
    dtmwMXFAS02 = 201, // MXF AS-02

    //
    //
    //
    dtmftrtIndex = 172 // Special case, write an RTIN directly
};

#ifndef DTFOUR_CHAR_CODE
#define DTFOUR_CHAR_CODE(x) ((unsigned long)(x))
#endif
#ifndef DTRFOUR_CHAR_CODE
#define DTRFOUR_CHAR_CODE(x) (((unsigned long) ((x) & 0x000000FF)) << 24) \
+ (((unsigned long) ((x) & 0x0000FF00)) << 8) \
+ (((unsigned long) ((x) & 0x00FF0000)) >> 8) \
+ (((unsigned long) ((x) & 0xFF000000)) >> 24))
#endif

enum {
/** dtmwWave = 1,           // Windows WAV audio files (audio)
 * Audio only
 */

```

```

#define DTWAVE_FORMAT_PCM           1
/**  dtmwMov2 = 183,
* dv25, dv50, dvhd, dnxhd, ycbcr, cineform, rgb10, avci100
*/
      dtmwfccdv25          = DTRFOUR_CHAR_CODE('dv25'), // DV-
25 4:2:0          dtmwfccdv50          = DTRFOUR_CHAR_CODE('dv50'), // DV-
50 4:2:2          dtmwfccdvhd         = DTRFOUR_CHAR_CODE('dvhd'), // DV-
100/DVHD          dtmwfcckYCbCr8Bit    = DTFOUR_CHAR_CODE('2vuy'),      //
yuv2/uyvy        dtmwfcckYCbCr10Bit   = DTFOUR_CHAR_CODE('v210'),      // v210
                  dtmwfccCineForm     = DTRFOUR_CHAR_CODE('CFHD'), //
CineForm lossless/lossy codec

//  dtmwMovh264 = 190,
//  dtmwMov = 2,           // QuickTime movie files (audio video info)
/**  dtmwAvi = 3,           // Video for windows, Audio Video Interleave (audio video info)
* dv25, dv50, dvhd, ycbcr8, ycbcr10, cineform
*/
      //dtmwfccdv25
      //dtmwfccdv50
      //dtmwfccdvhd
      //dtmwfcckYCbCr8Bit
      //dtmwfcckYCbCr10Bit
      //dtmwfccCineForm

/**  dtmwLiveTga = 99, // 32 Bit Uncompressed only
* 32 RGB only
*/
      dtmwBI_RGB            = 0,

/**  dtmwLiveTiff = 101, // 32 Bit Uncompressed only
* 32 RGB only
*/
      //dtmwBI_RGB

/**  dtmwLiveYuv = 104, // 8/10 Bit Uncompressed YCbCr only
* 8 and 10 bit ycbcr
*/
      //dtmwfcckYCbCr8Bit
      //dtmwfcckYCbCr10Bit

/**  dtmwHdrYuv = 106, //
* 8 and 10 bit ycbcr
*/
      //dtmwfcckYCbCr8Bit
      //dtmwfcckYCbCr10Bit

/**  dtmwAdvWave = 107,      // Windows WAVE format extension (multi channel) audio
plugin (no dual mono)
* Audio Only
*/
      //DTWAVE_FORMAT_PCM

```

```

#define DTWAVE_FORMAT_EXTENSIBLE      0xFFFFE

/**  dtmwAdvAiff = 108, // Apple/SGI format multi channel audio plugin
* Audio Only
*/
    dtmwfcck16BitBigEndianFormat    = DTFOUR_CHAR_CODE('twos'),           /*16-bit big
endian*/

/**  dtmwMXFSonySD = 110, // Sony IMX MPEG SD
* IMX PAL and NTSC
*/
    dtmwfcckIMXD10_NTSC_50          = DTFOUR_CHAR_CODE('mx5n'), // FinalCut
Pro 5.0 Studio
    dtmwfcckIMXD10_NTSC_40          = DTFOUR_CHAR_CODE('mx4n'), // FinalCut
Pro 5.0 Studio
    dtmwfcckIMXD10_NTSC_30          = DTFOUR_CHAR_CODE('mx3n'), // FinalCut
Pro 5.0 Studio
    dtmwfcckIMXD10_PAL_50          = DTFOUR_CHAR_CODE('mx5p'), // FinalCut
Pro 5.0 Studio
    dtmwfcckIMXD10_PAL_40          = DTFOUR_CHAR_CODE('mx4p'), // FinalCut
Pro 5.0 Studio
    dtmwfcckIMXD10_PAL_30          = DTFOUR_CHAR_CODE('mx3p'), // FinalCut
Pro 5.0 Studio

/**  dtmwLiveDpx = 111,// RGB10 or YCBCR10
* YCbCr 10 and RGB10
*/
    dtmwfcc10LinDPX                = DTFOUR_CHAR_CODE('R10k'),
// Big endian
    dtmwfcc10LogDPX                = DTFOUR_CHAR_CODE('R10g'),
// Big endian
//dtmwfcckYCbCr8Bit
//dtmwfcckYCbCr10Bit

/**  dtmwBWaveF = 117,// Broadcast wave format
* Audio only
*/
    //DTWAVE_FORMAT_PCM

/**  dtmwMXFSonyHD = 127, // Sony 25/35mbit 4:2:2 XDCam (old XDCam)
* MPEG 4:2:0 only
*/
    dtmwfccDT_MPEGHD_VBR_I          = DTRFOUR_CHAR_CODE('mgv1'),//
4:2:0 XDCAM HD VBR Interlace
    dtmwfccDT_MPEGHD_VBR_P          = DTRFOUR_CHAR_CODE('mgv2'),//
4:2:0 XDCAM HD VBR Progressive
    dtmwfccDT_MPEGHD_VBR_I_17        = DTRFOUR_CHAR_CODE('mc17'),// 4:2:0
XDCAM HD VBR Interlace 17.5 Mbps
    dtmwfccDT_MPEGHD_VBR_P_17        = DTRFOUR_CHAR_CODE('mv17'),// 4:2:0
XDCAM HD VBR Progressive 17.5 Mbps
    dtmwfccDT_MPEGHD_VBR_I_25        = DTRFOUR_CHAR_CODE('mc25'),// 4:2:0
XDCAM HD VBR Interlace 25 Mbps
    dtmwfccDT_MPEGHD_VBR_P_25        = DTRFOUR_CHAR_CODE('mv25'),// 4:2:0
XDCAM HD VBR Progressive 25 Mbps

```

```

dtmwfccDT_MPEGHD_VBR_I_35          = DTFOUR_CHAR_CODE('mc35'), // 4:2:0
XDCAM HD VBR Interlace 35 Mbps
dtmwfccDT_MPEGHD_VBR_P_35          = DTFOUR_CHAR_CODE('mv35'), // 4:2:0
XDCAM HD VBR Progressive 35 Mbps
dtmwfccDT_MPEGHD_CBR_I              = DTFOUR_CHAR_CODE('mgc1'), //
4:2:0 XDCAM HD CBR Interlace 25 Mbps
dtmwfccDT_MPEGHD_CBR_P              = DTFOUR_CHAR_CODE('mgc2'), //
4:2:0 XDCAM HD CBR Progressive 25 Mbps

/** dtmwMPEG4 ,           // MPEG-2 h264 essence
* h264
*/
drmwfccckH264CodecType      = DTFOUR_CHAR_CODE('avc1'),      /*
MEDIASUBTYPE_AVC1           'AVC1' H.264 bitstream without start codes.*/

/** dtmwMXFP2DV = 134,        // Panasonic P2 DV25/50/HD
* DV25, DV50, DVHD
*/
//dtmwfccdv25
//dtmwfccdv50
//dtmwfccdvhd

/** dtmwMXFAvid = 135,        // Avid OPAtom direct to mediafiles
* DNxHD
*/
dtmwfcckDNxHD_220x_10          = DTFOUR_CHAR_CODE('AV10'), // 1920x1080
10 Bit P (220x/185x/175x)
dtmwfcckDNxHD_145x              = DTFOUR_CHAR_CODE('AVd2'), //
1920x1080 8 Bit P (145/120/115) ~equiv hdcam/dvcpro100
dtmwfcckDNxHD_220x              = DTFOUR_CHAR_CODE('AVd3'), //
1920x1080 8 Bit P (220/185/175)
dtmwfcckDNxHD_220_10            = DTFOUR_CHAR_CODE('AVd4'), // 1920x1080
10 Bit i (220/185/175)
dtmwfcckDNxHD_145                = DTFOUR_CHAR_CODE('AVd5'), //
1920x1080 8 Bit i (145/120/115)
dtmwfcckDNxHD_220                = DTFOUR_CHAR_CODE('AVd6'), //
1920x1080 8 Bit i (220/185/175)
dtmwfcckDNxHD_720_220x            = DTFOUR_CHAR_CODE('AVd7'), // 1280x720
10 Bit P (220x/175x/90x)
dtmwfcckDNxHD_720_220              = DTFOUR_CHAR_CODE('AVd8'), // 1280x720 8
Bit P (220x/175x/90x)
dtmwfcckDNxHD_720_145              = DTFOUR_CHAR_CODE('AVd9'), // 1280x720 8
Bit P (145x/120x/115x)
dtmwfcckDNxHD_36                  = DTFOUR_CHAR_CODE('AVd0'), // 1920x1080
8 Bit P (36)

/** dtmwMXFP2AVCi = 163,      // Panasonic AVCi 100/50 writer
* AVCi 100
*/
dtmwfccAVCi100                  = DTFOUR_CHAR_CODE('ai16'), //

/** dtmwMXFDCP = 167,        // Unencrypted DCP
* JPEG-2000
*/

```

```

dtmwfccJ2_Cinema2K = DTRFOUR_CHAR_CODE('J22K'), //
Digital cinema 2K (alias)
dtmwfccJ2_Cinema4K = DTRFOUR_CHAR_CODE('J24K'), //
Digital cinema 4K (alias)

/** dtmwMXFOP1a = 172,      // Op1a - yuv, j2k, dnxhd, avci, dvhd
 * YCbCr 8, DVHD, AVCi, DNxHD, JPEG-2000
 */
//dtmwfcckYCbCr8Bit
//dtmwfccdvhd
//dtmwfccAVCi100
fccJPEG2000_YCbCr = DTRFOUR_CHAR_CODE('J2GV'), //
SAMA/YCbCrJ2K/Grass Valley Infinity

/** dtmwLiveDng = 178,      // DNG bayer (direct write only)
 * Bayer (direct write only)
 */
// Sony HDCam MXF
/** dtmwMXFSMDK = 186,      // Sony HDCam MXF
 * HDCam
 */
dtmwfccHDCamSR = DTFOUR_CHAR_CODE('HDSR'),
dtmwfccHDCamSR_444 = DTFOUR_CHAR_CODE('HDS4'),

/** dtmwMXFSony422 = 192,   // Sony XDCam 4:2:2 50 MBit
 * MPEG 4:2:2
 */
//dtmwfccDT_MPEG422 = DTRFOUR_CHAR_CODE('mg01'),//
4:2:2 MPEG-2

/** dtmwMFXEasyDCP = 196,  // Encrypted DCP (requires EasyDCP license)
 * JPEG-2000
 */
//dtmwfccJ2_Cinema2K
//dtmwfccJ2_Cinema4K

/** dtmwMP4 = 197,          // MP4 with 264 compression
 * h264
 */
//drmwfccH264CodecType

/** dtmwMXFSonyXAVC = 198, // Sony XAVC Container
 * XAVC
 */
// MXF AS-02
/** dtmwMXFAS02 = 201,      // MXF AS-02
 * JPEG-2000 (SAMA), YCbCr 8, XDCam
 */
//dtmwfcckYCbCr8Bit
//fccJPEG2000_YCbCr
//fcckJPEG2000CodecType
dtmwfcckXAVC = DTFOUR_CHAR_CODE('xavc'),
dtmwfcckXAVC4K = DTFOUR_CHAR_CODE('xav4'),
//dtmwfccDT_MPEG422 (XDCam)

```

```

};

/** Open a new file, stream or network source for preview
 */
DTMWHANDLE DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwOpen(char * szFileName, unsigned long dwFlags,
    unsigned long dwFileType, unsigned long dwFourCC, unsigned long dwWidth, unsigned long
dwHeight,
    unsigned long dwRate, unsigned long dwScale, unsigned long dwAudioChannels,
    unsigned long dwAudioRate, unsigned long dwAudioBits);
typedef DTMWHANDLE (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwOpen)(char * szFileName, unsigned long
dwFlags,
    unsigned long dwFileType, unsigned long dwFourCC, unsigned long dwWidth, unsigned long
dwHeight,
    unsigned long dwRate, unsigned long dwScale, unsigned long dwAudioChannels,
    unsigned long dwAudioRate, unsigned long dwAudioBits);

/** Close the currently open stream or file
 */
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwClose(DTMWHANDLE dtmw);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwClose)(DTMWHANDLE dtmw);

/** Returns recommended and supported write types
 */
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwGetWriteTypes(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, unsigned long dwIndex, unsigned
long * pdwTypes);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwGetWriteTypes)(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, unsigned long
dwIndex, unsigned long * pdwTypes);

/** The final file name used for the target file
 */
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwTargetFileName(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, char * tszString);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwTargetFileName)(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, char * tszString);

/** Target video media's height
 */
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwTargetHeight(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long *pVal);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwTargetHeight)(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long *pVal);

/** Target video media's width
 */
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwTargetWidth(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long *pVal);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwTargetWidth)(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long *pVal);

/** Target pitch depending on frame type
 */
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwTargetPitch(DTMWHANDLE dtmwPV, long lType, long *pVal);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwTargetPitch)(DTMWHANDLE dtmwPV, long lType, long
*pVal);

/* Target video media's bit depth
 */
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwTargetBitDepth(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long *pVal);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwTargetBitDepth)(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long *pVal);

```

```

/* Target video media's fourcc compression code
 */
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwTargetFourCC(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long *pVal);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwTargetFourCC)(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long *pVal);

/* Target video media's bit rate
 */
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwTargetBitRate(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long *pVal);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwTargetBitRate)(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long *pVal);

/* Target video media's quality
 */
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwTargetQuality(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long *pVal);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwTargetQuality)(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long *pVal);

/* Target video media's frame size for the requested or current frame
 */
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwTargetFrameSize(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long dwFrameType, long
*pVal);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwTargetFrameSize)(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long
dwFrameType, long *pVal);

/* Target video total channels
 */
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwTargetVideoChannels(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long *pVal);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwTargetVideoChannels)(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long *pVal);

/* Target audio total channels
 */
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwTargetAudioChannels(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long *pVal);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwTargetAudioChannels)(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long *pVal);

/** Target audio media frequency
 */
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwTargetAudioFrequency(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long *pVal);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwTargetAudioFrequency)(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long
*pVal);

/** Target audio media bits per sample
 */
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwTargetAudioBitsPerSample(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long *pVal);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwTargetAudioBitsPerSample)(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long
*pVal);

/* Target audio media's fourcc compression code
 */
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwTargetAudioFourCC(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long *pVal);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwTargetAudioFourCC)(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long *pVal);

/** Target video rate value (FPS = TargetRate / TargetScale)
 */
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwTargetRate(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long *pVal);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwTargetRate)(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long *pVal);

/** Target video scale value (FPS = TargetRate / TargetScale)

```

```

*/
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwTargetScale(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long *pVal);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwTargetScale)(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long *pVal);

/** Return Target metadata information that are numeric (DWORDs or longs)
 */
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwTargetMetaDataSetWORD(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long dwMetaElement, long dwVal);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwTargetMetaDataSetWORD)(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long dwMetaElement, long dwVal);

/** Return Target metadata information that are string data
 */
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwTargetMetaDataSetSTR(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long dwMetaElement, char * szMAX_PATHString);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwTargetMetaDataSetSTR)(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long dwMetaElement, char * szMAX_PATHString);

/** Set the write type for the video frames
 */
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwSetWriteType(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long IWriteType);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwSetWriteType)(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long IWriteType);

/** Set the channel for the video frames (0, 1, 2, 3, 4 etc.) (0 = 0x03, 1 = 0x0C, 2 = 0x30, 3 = 0xC0 etc.)
 */
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwSetVideoChannel(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long IVideoChannel);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwSetVideoChannel)(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long IVideoChannel);

/** Set the audio channel pair to monitor (0 = 1+2, 1 = 3+4, 2 = 5+6, 3 = 7+8 etc.)
 */
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwSetAudioChannelPair(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long IAudioChannelPair);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwSetAudioChannelPair)(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long IAudioChannelPair);

//
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwSetVitcType(DTMWHANDLE dtmwPV, long dwVal);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwSetVitcType)(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long dwVal);

//
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwSetLtcType(DTMWHANDLE dtmwPV, long dwVal);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwSetLtcType)(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long dwVal);

/** Set the next VITC (vertical blank) time code
 */
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwNextVitcFrame(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long dwVal);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwNextVitcFrame)(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long dwVal);

/** Set the next VITC (vertical blank time code) user bits
 */
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwNextVitcUb(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long dwVal);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwNextVitcUb)(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long dwVal);

/** Set the next LTC (SMPTE) time code

```

```

*/
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwNextLtcFrame(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long dwVal);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwNextLtcFrame)(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long dwVal);

/** Set the next LTC (SMPTE time code) user bits
 */
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwNextLtcUb(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long dwVal);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwNextLtcUb)(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, long dwVal);

/** PutVideoFrame sends one video frame
 */
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwPutVideoFrame(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, unsigned char * psvFrame, long dwSize);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwPutVideoFrame)(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, unsigned char * psvFrame, long dwSize);

/** PutAudioFrame returns a safe array containing one video frame worth of audio data
 */
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwPutAudioFrame(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, unsigned char * psaFrame, long dwSize);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwPutAudioFrame)(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, unsigned char * psaFrame, long dwSize);

/** Get current extended data
 */
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwPutNextExtendedData(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, unsigned char *pvData,
long lSize, long lFlags);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwPutNextExtendedData)(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, unsigned
char *pvData, long lSize, long lFlags);

/** SetMode - send a mediacmd structure (advanced)
 */
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwSetMode(DTMWHANDLE dtmwPV, void * pMediaCmd);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwSetMode)(void * pMediaCmd);

/** Get the version
 */
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwVersion(long *pVerMajor, long *pVerMinor, long *pVerMod, long
*pVerBuild);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwVersion)(long *pVerMajor, long *pVerMinor, long
*pVerMod, long *pVerBuild);

// dwFlags
    //! Send this in if you just need the filename (faster than getting all the info)
#define DPOSSIZENAME_FILENAME_ONLY          0x40000000      // Same as
DFRAME_SKIP_FRAME
    //! Flag for mediafile/avhal to get audio dframe
#define GetAudio   0x00000000
    //! Flag for mediafile/avhal to get video dframe
#define GetVideo   0x00000001
    //! Flag for mediafile/avhal to put audio dframe
#define PutAudio   GetAudio
    //! Flag for mediafile/avhal to put video dframe
#define PutVideo   GetVideo
    //! Film 24 FPS time code

```

```

#define TC2_TCTYPE_FILM      0x00000001 // 24 fps
//! Non Drop Frame 30 FPS time code
#define TC2_TCTYPE_NDF      0x00000002 // NTSC Non Drop Frame
//! Drop Frame 29.97 FPS time code
#define TC2_TCTYPE_DF       0x00000004 // NTSC Drop Frame
//! PAL 25 FPS time code
#define TC2_TCTYPE_PAL      0x00000008 // PAL
//! Double PAL 50 FPS
#define TC2_TCTYPE_50        0x00000010 // PAL 720p (double rate)
//! 720p DROP 59.94 FPS
#define TC2_TCTYPE_5994      0x00000020 // NTSC 59.94fps 720p (NTSC DF double)
//! 720p DROP 59.97 FPS
#define TC2_TCTYPE_5997      0x00000022 // NTSC 59.94fps 720p (NTSC DF double)
//! 720p 60 FPS
#define TC2_TCTYPE_60        0x00000040 // NTSC 60fps 720p (NTSC NDF double)
//! 23.98 FILM for NTSC 23.98 FPS (This is actually 24)
#define TC2_TCTYPE_NTSCFILM 0x00000080 // NTSC FILM 23.98
//! 23.98 TRUE (actual 23.98 drop per Avid)
#define TC2_TCTYPE_2398      0x00000084 // TRUE 23.98
//! Hundredths of a second HH:MM:SS:/100 100 FPS effective
#define TC2_TCTYPE_100        0x00000044 // Hours:Minutes:Seconds:Hundreds
//! IRIG time code, uses both time code and user bits
#define TC2_TCTYPE_IRIG      0x00000045 // Hours:Minutes:Seconds:Xxx

// dwFrameFlags
#define DPOSSIZENAME_VIDEO_FRAME      0x00000001
    //! Is this file type currently recording
#define DPOSSIZENAME_RECORDING      0x00000004
    //! This frame needs to be made black (default frame) in MediaFile
#define DPOSSIZENAME_PLEASE_BLACK    _PDFRAMEFLAGS_PLEASE_BLACK //
    0x00000080
    //! This is a mono audio chunk
#define DPOSSIZENAME_MONO_AUDIO_FRAME 0x00000100
    //! This is a stereo audio chunk
#define DPOSSIZENAME_STEREO_AUDIO_FRAME 0x00000200
#define DPOSSIZENAME_QUAD_AUDIO_FRAME 0x00000400
#define DPOSSIZENAME_4_1_AUDIO_FRAME 0x00000800
#define DPOSSIZENAME_5_1_AUDIO_FRAME 0x00001000
#define DPOSSIZENAME_7_1_AUDIO_FRAME 0x00002000
#define DPOSSIZENAME_9_1_AUDIO_FRAME 0x00004000
#define DPOSSIZENAME_AUDIO_MASK      (DPOSSIZENAME_MONO_AUDIO_FRAME|\
DPOSSIZENAME_STEREO_AUDIO_FRAME|DPOSSIZENAME_STEREO_AUDIO_FRAME|\
DPOSSIZENAME_QUAD_AUDIO_FRAME|DPOSSIZENAME_4_1_AUDIO_FRAME|\
DPOSSIZENAME_5_1_AUDIO_FRAME| DPOSSIZENAME_7_1_AUDIO_FRAME|\
DPOSSIZENAME_9_1_AUDIO_FRAME)
#define DPOSSIZENAME_FRAME_MASK      0x0000FFFF
    //! This frame contains audio data see DFRAFME::dwType
#define DFRAFME_TYPE_AUDIO         0x00010000
    //! 16 bit audio
#define DPOSSIZENAME_AUD_16_16_BIT   0x00100000
    //! 20 bit audio in 24
#define DPOSSIZENAME_AUD_20_24_BIT   0x00200000
    //! 24 bit audio in 24
#define DPOSSIZENAME_AUD_24_24_BIT   0x00400000
    //! 24/32 bit audio in 32

```

```

#define DPOSSIZENAME_AUD_24_32_BIT          0x00800000
    //! 32/32 bit audio in 32
#define DPOSSIZENAME_AUD_32_32_BIT          0x01000000
    //! Audio is compressed
#define DPOSSIZENAME_AUD_COMPRESSED         0x02000000
    //! Audio is big endian, else little endian
#define DPOSSIZENAME_AUD_BIGENDIAN_BIT     0x00080000
    //! Just for completeness
#define DPOSSIZENAME_AUD_LITTLEENDIAN_BIT   0x00000000
    //! This frame is independent of other frames for decode see DFRAME::dwType
#define DFRAME_TYPE_KEYFRAME 0x10000000
    //! This frame is independent of other frames for decode (an MPEG I Frame) see
DFRAME::dwType
#define DFRAME_TYPE_KEYFRAME_I      0x10000000
    //! This frame requires previous keyframe(s) (for MPEG a P Frame) see DFRAME::dwType
#define DFRAME_TYPE_KEYFRAME_P      0x80000000
    //! This frame requires more than one frame to decode (for MPEG a B Frame) see
DFRAME::dwType
#define DFRAME_TYPE_KEYFRAME_B      0x20000000
//! This frame should be skipped (decoded, but not displayed) - Used to reach seek frame on a
non key frame from key frame see DFRAME::dwType
#define DFRAME_SKIP_FRAME           0x40000000

/** Set info on a frame of audio or video for RTIN files
*/
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwPutFileInfo(DTMWHANDLE dtmwPV, unsigned long dwRTChannel,
unsigned long dwFrame, unsigned long dwFlags,
size_t nPosition, size_t nSize, unsigned long dwFrameFlags, unsigned
long dwRepsSamples);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwPutFileInfo)(DTMWHANDLE dtmwPV, unsigned long
dwRTChannel, unsigned long dwFrame, unsigned long dwFlags,
size_t nPosition, size_t nSize, unsigned long dwFrameFlags,
unsigned long dwRepsSamples);

/** AddVideoChannel - rtIndex add a video channel to the rtindex file
*/
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwAddVideoChannel(DTMWHANDLE dtmwPV, char * szVideoFile, unsigned
long dwFileType, unsigned long dwFourCC, unsigned long dwWidth, unsigned long dwHeight,
unsigned long dwRate, unsigned long dwScale, unsigned long * pdwVideoChannelHandle);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwAddVideoChannel)(DTMWHANDLE dtmwPV, char *
szVideoFile, unsigned long dwFileType, unsigned long dwFourCC, unsigned long dwWidth,
unsigned long dwHeight, unsigned long dwRate, unsigned long dwScale, unsigned long *
pdwVideoChannelHandle);

/** AddAudioChannel - rtIndex add an audio channel to the rtindex file
*/
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwAddAudioChannel(DTMWHANDLE dtmwPV, char * szAudioFile, unsigned
long dwFileType, unsigned long dwAudioChannels,
unsigned long dwAudioRate, unsigned long dwAudioBits, unsigned long *
pdwAudioChannelHandle);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwAddAudioChannel)(DTMWHANDLE dtmwPV, char *
szAudioFile, unsigned long dwFileType, unsigned long dwAudioChannels,
unsigned long dwAudioRate, unsigned long dwAudioBits, unsigned long *
pdwAudioChannelHandle);

```

```
/** Get the video codec extra data (e.g. avc1 MP4 avcC box)
 * Passing NULL pData will return size
 */
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwCodecData(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, unsigned char * pData, unsigned
long dwSize);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwCodecData)(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, unsigned char * pData,
unsigned long dwSize);

/** Get the audio codec extra data (e.g. acc config bytes)
 * Passing NULL pData will return size
 */
long DTMWCALLTYPE dtmwAudioCodecData(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, unsigned char * pData,
unsigned long dwSize);
typedef long (DTMWCALLTYPE * p_dtmwAudioCodecData)(DTMWHANDLE dtmw, unsigned char * pData,
unsigned long dwSize);

#ifndef __cplusplus
} // PREVENT C++ NAME-MANGLING
#endif

////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////

#endif //__DTMEDIAWRITE_DRASTIC_API_9204jrewf348j4_H_
```

This manual has been compiled to assist the user in their experience using the **Drastic DTMediaWrite SDK**. It is believed to be correct at the time of writing, and every effort has been made to provide accurate and useful information. Any errors that may have crept in are unintentional and will hopefully be purged in a future revision of this document. We welcome your feedback.

*Drastic Technologies Ltd  
523 The Queensway, Suite 201  
Toronto, ON, M8Y 1J7  
Canada  
(416) 255 5636  
(416) 255 8780*

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